

# La Casta Invisibile Delle Regioni Costi Sprechi E Privilegi Problemi Aperti

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## **The Oxford Handbook of the Italian Economy Since Unification** -

Gianni Toniolo 2013-03-07

The Oxford Handbook of the Italian Economy Since Unification provides, for the first time, a comprehensive, quantitative "new economic history" of Italy.

## **Laudato Si'** - Pope Francis 2020-10-06

Laudato Si 'is Pope Francis' second encyclical which focuses on the theme of the environment. In fact, the Holy Father in his encyclical urges all men and women of good will, the rulers and all the powerful on earth to reflect deeply on the theme of the environment and the care of our planet. This is our common home, we must take care of it and love it - the Holy Father tells us - because its end is also ours.

## **SPRECOPOLI** - Antonio Giangrande 2020

E' comodo definirsi scrittori da parte di chi non ha arte né parte. I letterati, che non siano poeti, cioè scrittori stringati, si dividono in narratori e saggisti. E' facile scrivere "C'era una volta..." e parlare di cazzate con nomi di fantasia. In questo modo il successo è assicurato e non hai rompiballe che si sentono diffamati e che ti querelano e che, spesso, sono gli stessi che ti condannano. Meno facile è essere saggisti e scrivere "C'è adesso..." e parlare di cose reali con nomi e cognomi.

Impossibile poi è essere saggisti e scrivere delle malefatte dei magistrati

e del Potere in generale, che per logica ti perseguitano per farti cessare di scrivere. Devastante è farlo senza essere di sinistra. Quando si parla di veri scrittori ci si ricordi di Dante Alighieri e della fine che fece il primo saggista mondiale. Le vittime, vere o presunte, di soprusi, parlano solo di loro, inascoltati, pretendendo aiuto. Io da vittima non racconto di me e delle mie traversie. Ascoltato e seguito, parlo degli altri, vittime o carnefici, che l'aiuto cercato non lo concederanno mai. "Chi non conosce la verità è uno sciocco, ma chi, conoscendola, la chiama bugia, è un delinquente". Aforisma di Bertolt Brecht. Bene. Tante verità soggettive e tante omertà son tasselli che la mente corrompono. Io le cerco, le filtro e nei miei libri compongo il puzzle, svelando l'immagine che dimostra la verità oggettiva censurata da interessi economici ed ideologie vetuste e criminali. Rappresentare con verità storica, anche scomoda ai potenti di turno, la realtà contemporanea, rapportandola al passato e proiettandola al futuro. Per non reiterare vecchi errori. Perché la massa dimentica o non conosce. Denuncio i difetti e caldeggio i pregi italiani. Perché non abbiamo orgoglio e dignità per migliorarci e perché non sappiamo apprezzare, tutelare e promuovere quello che abbiamo ereditato dai nostri avi. Insomma, siamo bravi a farci del male e qualcuno deve pur essere diverso!

**Doc toscana** - 2008

Ripensare il federalismo - Silvio Berardi 2013

The Crowd - Gustave Le Bon 1897

**Transport and Climate Change** - Tim Ryley 2012-07-17

This topical volume covers the intersection between transport and climate change, with papers from the 'Transport & Climate Change' session of the RGS-IBG conference in London, September 2010. It considers the role of transport modes at varying spatial dimensions and a range of perspectives on the relationship between transport and climate change.

Plan B 3.0: Mobilizing to Save Civilization - Lester R. Brown 2008

Provides alternative solutions to such global problems as population control, emerging water shortages, eroding soil, and global warming, outlining a detailed survival strategy for the civilization of the future.

**The castle on the Hudson** - Renato Cantore 2016

**The Plastics Paradox** - Chris Dearmitt 2020-03

The Plastics Paradox is the first and only book to reveal the truth about plastics and the environment. Based on over 400 scientific articles, it dispels the myths that the public believe today. We are told that plastics are not green when in fact, they are usually the greenest choice according to lifecycle analysis (LCA) We are told that plastics create a waste problem when they are proven to dramatically reduce waste, for example replacing 1lb of plastic requires 3-4lb of the replacement material We are told that plastics take 1000 years to degrade when in fact a plastic bag disintegrates in just one year outdoors We are led to believe that plastic bags and straws are an issue when in fact they barely register in the statistics The list goes on... Everything you believe now is untrue and we are making policies that harm the environment based on bad information. After reading The Plastics Paradox you will be able to make wise choices that help create a brighter future for us and for our children.

*Panopticon Or the Inspection House* - Jeremy Bentham 1791

**The Gift** - Marcel Mauss 2002-09-10

First published in 1990. Routledge is an imprint of Taylor & Francis, an informa company.

*Istituzioni di diritto pubblico* - Gian Piero Iaricci 2014-07

Questo lavoro è destinato essenzialmente agli studenti e costituisce un esaustivo strumento di apprendimento della materia pubblicistica. La prima parte è dedicata al diritto costituzionale; la seconda parte al diritto amministrativo sostanziale e processuale, con puntuali riferimenti ad istituti che assumono comunque rilevanza anche nell'ambito del diritto pubblico, nonché al diritto sanitario. I mirati cenni storici consentono una migliore comprensione della normativa vigente. Inoltre, i diffusi riferimenti bibliografici ed il richiamo delle più significative pronunce della Corte costituzionale e delle magistrature superiori hanno lo scopo di agevolare l'approfondimento degli argomenti trattati. Il volume, pertanto, fornisce una solida base sulla quale misurare le annunciate riforme che dovrebbero incidere profondamente, specie sul nostro sistema costituzionale.

**Sustainable food planning: evolving theory and practice** - Andr  Viljoen 2012-03-30

With over half the world's population now deemed to be urbanised, cities are assuming a larger role in political debates about the security and sustainability of the global food system. Hence, planning for sustainable food production and consumption is becoming an increasingly important issue for planners, policymakers, designers, farmers, suppliers, activists, business and scientists alike. The rapid growth of the food planning movement owes much to the fact that food, because of its unique, multi-functional character, helps to bring people together from all walks of life. In the wider contexts of global climate change, resource depletion, a burgeoning world population, competing food production systems and diet-related public health concerns, new paradigms for urban and regional planning capable of supporting sustainable and equitable food systems are urgently needed. This book addresses this urgent need. By working at a range of scales and with a variety of practical and theoretical models, this book reviews and elaborates definitions of

sustainable food systems, and begins to define ways of achieving them. To this end 4 different themes have been defined as entry-points into the discussion of 'sustainable food planning'. These are (1) urban agriculture, (2) integrating health, environment and society, (3) food in urban design and planning and (4) urban food governance.

**Epidemics and Society** - Frank M. Snowden 2019-10-22

A wide-ranging study that illuminates the connection between epidemic diseases and societal change, from the Black Death to Ebola This sweeping exploration of the impact of epidemic diseases looks at how mass infectious outbreaks have shaped society, from the Black Death to today. In a clear and accessible style, Frank M. Snowden reveals the ways that diseases have not only influenced medical science and public health, but also transformed the arts, religion, intellectual history, and warfare. A multidisciplinary and comparative investigation of the medical and social history of the major epidemics, this volume touches on themes such as the evolution of medical therapy, plague literature, poverty, the environment, and mass hysteria. In addition to providing historical perspective on diseases such as smallpox, cholera, and tuberculosis, Snowden examines the fallout from recent epidemics such as HIV/AIDS, SARS, and Ebola and the question of the world's preparedness for the next generation of diseases.

**Development Projects Observed** - Albert O. Hirschman 2014-12-10  
Originally published in 1967, the modest and plainly descriptive title of Development Projects Observed is deceptive. Today, it is recognized as the ultimate volume of Hirschman's groundbreaking trilogy on development, and as the bridge to the broader social science themes of his subsequent writings. Though among his lesser-known works, this unassuming tome is one of his most influential. It is in this book that Hirschman first shared his now famous "Principle of the Hiding Hand." In an April 2013 New Yorker issue, Malcolm Gladwell wrote an appreciation of the principle, described by Cass Sunstein in the book's new foreword as "a bit of a trick up history's sleeve." It can be summed up as a phenomenon in which people's inability to foresee obstacles leads to actions that succeed because people have far more problem-solving

ability that they anticipate or appreciate. And it is in Development Projects Observed that Hirschman laid the foundation for the core of his most important work, Exit, Voice, and Loyalty, and later led to the concept of an "exit strategy."

Sustainable Development Report 2021 - Jeffrey Sachs 2021-10-14

The Sustainable Development Report 2021 features the SDG Index and Dashboards, the first and widely used tool to assess country performance on the UN Agenda 2030 and the Sustainable Development Goals. The report analyses and outlines what needs to happen for the Decade of Action and Delivery of the SDGs. In order to build back better following the Covid-19 pandemic, especially low-income countries will need increased fiscal space. The report frames the implementation of the SDGs in terms of six broad transformations. The authors examine country performance on the SDGs for 193 countries using a wide array of indicators, and calculate future trajectories, presenting a number of best practices to achieve the historic Agenda 2030. The views expressed in this report do not reflect the views of any organizations, agency or programme of the United Nations. This title is available as Open Access on Cambridge Core.

**Why the Garden Club Couldn't Save Youngstown** - Sean Safford 2009-01-31

In this book, Sean Safford compares the recent history of Allentown, Pennsylvania, with that of Youngstown, Ohio. Allentown has seen a noticeable rebound over the course of the past twenty years. Facing a collapse of its steel-making firms, its economy has reinvented itself by transforming existing companies, building an entrepreneurial sector, and attracting inward investment. Youngstown was similar to Allentown in its industrial history, the composition of its labor force, and other important variables, and yet instead of adapting in the face of acute economic crisis, it fell into a mean race to the bottom. Challenging various theoretical perspectives on regional socioeconomic change, Why the Garden Club Couldn't Save Youngstown argues that the structure of social networks among the cities' economic, political, and civic leaders account for the divergent trajectories of post-industrial regions. It offers

a probing historical explanation for the decline, fall, and unlikely rejuvenation of the Rust Belt. Emphasizing the power of social networks to shape action, determine access to and control over information and resources, define the contexts in which problems are viewed, and enable collective action in the face of externally generated crises, this book points toward present-day policy prescriptions for the ongoing plight of mature industrial regions in the U.S. and abroad.

*Global Corruption Report 2006* - Transparency International 2005-12-20  
TI has once again shown its ability to combine research and policy analysis not just to shine a light on the deeply embedded problems of corruption ... but to propose progressive solutions. Former World Bank President James Wolfensohn on the Global Corruption Report  
In the health sector, corruption is a matter of life or death. It can take many forms: from medical professionals who sell medicines or services that should be freely available, to high-level government officials who embezzle money from health budgets, to pharmaceutical companies that buy influence over research agendas. The impact of corruption is always felt by the end user -- the sick person who is forced to pay over the odds or who is given unsafe, counterfeit medicines. The 2006 edition of Transparency International's Global Corruption Report shows the impact that corruption has on health care in rich and poor countries. From high-level bribery in Costa Rica to informal payments in Hungary, case studies from around the world explore the characteristics of the health sector that make it so prone to corruption. In a special section dedicated to corruption in HIV/AIDS, the report warns that the large sums being poured into fighting the world's deadliest diseases need to be safeguarded against abuse. There is also a detailed analysis of the problems of the pharmaceutical system. The report also offers an annual round-up of worldwide developments and tracks major trends in more than 40 countries. The Global Corruption Report 2006 is the only report of its kind, and is an essential reference source for anyone who wants the latest research on how corruption affects everything from health to education and the oil and gas industries.

*La domenica del Corriere supplemento illustrato del Corriere della sera* -

1913

[OECD-FAO Agricultural Outlook 2016-2025](#) - OECD 2016-07-04

The OECD-FAO Agricultural Outlook 2016-2025 provides an assessment of prospects for the coming decade of the agricultural commodity markets across 41 countries and 12 regions, including OECD countries and key agricultural producers, such as India, China, Brazil, the Russian Federation and Argentina.

**Ospitalità italiana rivista alberghiera e turistica** -

**Italy Today** - Andrea Mammone 2010-02-25

Offers an analyses of contemporary Italy. This book contains essays that aim to highlight the 'crisis' of the country.

**The Calculus of Consent** - James M. Buchanan 1965

A scientific study of the political and economic factors influencing democratic decision making

**Holy Resilience** - David McLain Carr 2014-01-01

A leading biblical scholar offers a powerful reexamination of the Bible's origins and its connections to human suffering. Human trauma gave birth to the Bible, suggests eminent religious scholar David Carr. The Bible's ability to speak to suffering is a major reason why the sacred texts of Judaism and Christianity have retained their relevance for thousands of years. In his fascinating and provocative reinterpretation of the Bible's origins, the author tells the story of how the Jewish people and Christian community had to adapt to survive multiple catastrophes and how their holy scriptures both reflected and reinforced each religion's resilient nature. Carr's thought-provoking analysis demonstrates how many of the central tenets of biblical religion, including monotheism and the idea of suffering as God's retribution, are factors that provided Judaism and Christianity with the strength and flexibility to endure in the face of disaster. In addition, the author explains how the Jewish Bible was deeply shaped by the Jewish exile in Babylon, an event that it rarely describes, and how the Christian Bible was likewise shaped by the unspeakable shame of having a crucified savior.

The United Nations world water development report 2019 - WWAP  
2019-03-19

Access to water and sanitation is internationally recognized human right. Yet more than two billion people lack even the most basic of services. The latest United Nations World Water Development Report, Leaving No One Behind, explores the symptoms of exclusion and investigates ways to overcome inequalities.

**La casta invisibile delle regioni** - Pierfrancesco De Robertis 2012

Law and Agroecology - Massimo Monteduro 2015-05-06

This book represents a first attempt to investigate the relations between Law and Agroecology. There is a need to adopt a transdisciplinary approach to multifunctional agriculture in order to integrate the agroecological paradigm in legal regulation. This does not require a super-law that hierarchically purports to incorporate and supplant the existing legal fields; rather, it calls for the creation of a trans-law that progressively works to coordinate interlegalities between different legal fields, respecting their autonomy but emphasizing their common historical roots in law in the process. Law, the rural phenomenon as a whole, reflects the plurality and interdependence of different complex systems based jointly on the land as a central point of reference. "Rural" is more than "agricultural": if agriculture is understood traditionally as an activity aimed at exploiting the land for the production of material goods for use, consumption and private exchange, rurality marks the reintegration of agriculture into a broader sphere, one that is not only economic, but also social and cultural; not only material, but also ideal, relational, historical, and symbolic; and not only private, but also public. In approaching law, the natural and social sciences first became specialized, multiplied, and compartmentalized in a plurality of first-order disciplines; later, they began a process of integration into Agroecology as a second-order, multi-perspective and shared research platform. Today, Agroecology is a transdiscipline that integrates other fields of knowledge into the concept of agroecosystems viewed as socio-ecological systems. However, the law seems to still be stuck in the first

stage. Following a reductionist approach, law has deconstructed and shattered the universe of law into countless, disjointed legal elementary particles, multiplying the planes of analysis and, in particular, keeping Agricultural Law and Environmental Law two separate fields.

**Toxicological Effects of Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances** - Jamie C. DeWitt 2015-04-14

This book serves as a timely and comprehensive overview of the latest science for perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFASs), covering the development of methods for assessing PFASs in biological fluids and tissues as well as the current knowledge regarding their toxicity to vertebrate organisms. This book includes chapters on human and wildlife exposure/body burdens, reviews of metabolism and toxicological effects by organ system/developmental stage and aspects of PFAS toxicity that are driving PFAS research and regulatory oversight. Toxicological Effects of Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances provide critical assessments of the most controversial topics surrounding toxicological evaluation of PFASs to give readers an expert perspective on the issues. Emphasis is placed on the integration of modes and mechanisms of action with functional endpoints that are relevant to human and wildlife health. This book will be a useful resource for toxicologists, environmental chemists, risk assessors and researchers with an interest in the class of compounds known as perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances.

*Molise* - Luigi Picardi 2020-12-11

La «questione regionale», aperta lungo l'intero corso della storia italiana unitaria, si è posta dapprima come istanza per l'introduzione delle Regioni nella struttura dello Stato fino alla Costituzione repubblicana del 1948, poi come attuazione dell'ordinamento regionale, che si sarebbe avviata per le Regioni a statuto ordinario, ventidue anni dopo, con l'elezione dei consigli regionali nel 1970. Nell'ambito della questione regionale italiana la specificità della questione regionale molisana si è segnalata per aver rappresentato dalle origini negli anni Venti del secolo scorso e fino alla Costituente un «caso»; e più tardi, dopo il riconoscimento del Molise come Regione per separazione dagli Abruzzi

nel 1963, un «problema», per il venir meno della sua vitalità economica e della sua coesione sociale di cui è emblematico, con altri fondamentali indicatori, il progressivo vistoso calo demografico a 302 mila residenti all'inizio del 2020. Di qui il coinvolgimento della Regione a statuto ordinario più «piccola e vuota» nelle varie ipotesi discusse in questi ultimi anni per una diversa configurazione regionale italiana incentrata su nuove entità di area vasta. Con l'ampia introduzione che li sostiene, gli articoli che si ripropongono in Appendice documentano una lunga attenzione alla questione regionale molisana fino alle più marcate criticità del presente nel quadro ancora complesso e travagliato del regionalismo italiano.

*Aggiornamenti sociali* - 1996

**Italien zwischen Krise und Aufbruch** - Alexander Grasse 2017-08-21  
Mit dem Amtsantritt Matteo Renzis im Februar 2014 waren in Italien große Hoffnungen verbunden. Dem jungen Ministerpräsidenten gelang es zunächst tatsächlich, eine Aufbruchsstimmung zu erzeugen, die dem krisen- und skandalgeschüttelten Land einen tiefgreifenden Wandel verhieß. Zunächst schien es, als könne die unvollendete Zweite in eine grundlegend reformierte Dritte Republik transformiert werden: Italia 3.0. Dieser Prozess ist durch das im Dezember 2016 gescheiterte Verfassungsreferendum zunächst ins Stocken geraten. Gleichwohl überdauern einige Neuerungen der Ära Renzi seinen zwischenzeitlichen Rücktritt und zahlreiche Reformprojekte werden weiterverfolgt. Die Autorinnen und Autoren des Bandes untersuchen anhand der Veränderungen der Institutionen, des Parteiensystems, der Entscheidungsprozesse und der politischen Kultur sowie anhand aktueller Reformen in ausgewählten Politikfeldern in den drei Dimensionen der Politik (Polity, Politics und Policy), ob bzw. inwiefern der erhoffte Aufbruch tatsächlich stattgefunden hat, in welchen Bereichen die italienische Wirklichkeit hingegen in den alten Strukturen und Handlungsmustern verhaftet blieb und wo eine zweite Regierung Renzi oder andere zukünftige Regierungen anknüpfen könnten.

**Healing Invisible Wounds** - Richard F. Mollica 2008-12

In these personal reflections on his thirty years of clinical work with victims of genocide, torture, and abuse in the United States, Cambodia, Bosnia, and other parts of the world, Richard Mollica describes the surprising capacity of traumatized people to heal themselves. Here is how Neil Boothby, Director of the Program on Forced Migration and Health at the Mailman School of Public Health, Columbia University, describes the book: "Mollica provides a wealth of ethnographic and clinical evidence that suggests the human capacity to heal is innate--that the 'survival instinct' extends beyond the physical to include the psychological as well. He enables us to see how recovery from 'traumatic life events' needs to be viewed primarily as a 'mystery' to be listened to and explored, rather than solely as a 'problem' to be identified and solved. Healing involves a quest for meaning--with all of its emotional, cultural, religious, spiritual and existential attendants--even when biochemical reactions are also operative." Healing Invisible Wounds reveals how trauma survivors, through the telling of their stories, teach all of us how to deal with the tragic events of everyday life. Mollica's important discovery that humiliation--an instrument of violence that also leads to anger and despair--can be transformed through his therapeutic project into solace and redemption is a remarkable new contribution to survivors and clinicians. This book reveals how in every society we have to move away from viewing trauma survivors as "broken people" and "outcasts" to seeing them as courageous people actively contributing to larger social goals. When violence occurs, there is damage not only to individuals but to entire societies, and to the world. Through the journey of self-healing that survivors make, they enable the rest of us not only as individuals but as entire communities to recover from injury in a violent world.

**Riforme istituzionali e disciplina della politica** - Sabino Cassese 2015-07-13T00:00:00+02:00

Il volume riguarda due temi di forte attualità: quello delle riforme realizzate nel settore pubblico negli ultimi decenni, unitamente all'analisi delle cause e degli effetti; quello della disciplina della politica, includendo in questa espressione tanto i partiti e movimenti politici, quanto i rappresentanti dei governi centrale e territoriali. In particolare,

la prima parte del volume, relativa alla disciplina della politica, approfondisce il delicato tema del finanziamento dei partiti, seguito dall'analisi dello status e della condotta degli esponenti politici in rapporto, soprattutto, alla crisi dei partiti nel sistema italiano. Questa parte si chiude con lo studio della regolazione dei partiti politici, considerando anche le esperienze di alcuni Stati membri dell'Unione europea. La seconda parte raccoglie contributi in tema di storia delle riforme istituzionali (dal 1948 al 2015), evoluzione della legislazione elettorale (dal 1993 al 2013), sviluppo delle riforme amministrative in Europa e nell'ordinamento italiano. La ricostruzione è altresì arricchita da articolati approfondimenti bibliografici e tabelle (cronotavole) riepilogative delle iniziative e degli atti di maggiore rilievo a livello istituzionale, dall'adozione della Costituzione ad oggi. Le restanti parti del volume contengono note sui rapporti tra dottrina e giurisprudenza amministrativa, su alcune rilevanti decisioni giudiziarie in materia di valutazioni tecniche, sull'accesso dell'Unione europea alla Cedu, nonché ulteriori note, recensioni e notizie sulle più recenti pubblicazioni e sugli eventi di interesse scientifico a livello nazionale e internazionale.

**Il Palazzo e la piazza** - Bruno Vespa 2012-11-08

Il 2012 sarà ricordato come l'anno più triste del dopoguerra. L'anno in cui la crisi economica ha spazzato via certezze consolidate e ha avvolto il futuro in una nebbia fittissima. La frustrazione degli italiani, costretti a un'austerità in parte necessaria, ma poco sopportabile in una tremenda recessione, è diventata ribellione - ora silenziosa, ora gridata nelle piazze - dinanzi alla cecità di un mondo politico restio a sintonizzarsi con gli umori della gente nei tagli ai propri privilegi. Il Palazzo e la piazza, che indaga a fondo sui più clamorosi casi di malcostume politico, è un libro fondamentale per capire come gli errori del passato stanno influenzando il presente e il futuro.

[Behavioral Economics and Its Applications](#) - Peter Diamond 2012-01-12

In the last decade, behavioral economics, borrowing from psychology and sociology to explain decisions inconsistent with traditional economics, has revolutionized the way economists view the world. But despite this general success, behavioral thinking has fundamentally transformed only

one field of applied economics-finance. Peter Diamond and Hannu Vartiainen's Behavioral Economics and Its Applications argues that behavioral economics can have a similar impact in other fields of economics. In this volume, some of the world's leading thinkers in behavioral economics and general economic theory make the case for a much greater use of behavioral ideas in six fields where these ideas have already proved useful but have not yet been fully incorporated--public economics, development, law and economics, health, wage determination, and organizational economics. The result is an attempt to set the agenda of an important development in economics--an agenda that will interest policymakers, sociologists, and psychologists as well as economists. Contributors include Ian Ayres, B. Douglas Bernheim, Truman F. Bewley, Colin F. Camerer, Anne Case, Michael D. Cohen, Peter Diamond, Christoph Engel, Richard G. Frank, Jacob Glazer, Seppo Honkapohja, Christine Jolls, Botond Koszegi, Ulrike Malmendier, Sendhil Mullainathan, Antonio Rangel, Emmanuel Saez, Eldar Shafir, Sir Nicholas Stern, Jean Tirole, Hannu Vartiainen, and Timothy D. Wilson.

**Paura e desiderio** - Enrico Ghezzi 1995

**The United Nations World Water Development Report** - UNESCO World Water Assessment Programme 2021-03-22

Water is a finite and non-substitutable resource. As the foundation of life, societies and economies, it carries multiple values and benefits. But unlike most other natural resources, it has proven extremely difficult to determine its true 'value'. The 2021 edition of the United Nations World Water Development Report, titled "Valuing Water" assesses the current status of and challenges to the valuation of water across different sectors and perspectives and identifies ways in which valuation can be promoted as a tool to help improve its management and achieve global sustainable development.

[La casta invisibile delle regioni](#) - Pierfrancesco De Robertis 2012-10-04T00:00:00+02:00

Numerose erano le «caste» finite sotto la lente di ingrandimento, ma mai nessuno aveva raccontato con una analisi approfondita e attenta quella

delle regioni. Eppure tutti sappiamo che buona parte degli sprechi di cui tanto si discute si annidano proprio in questi piccoli venti stati che compongono il nostro Paese. Un «giro d'Italia» tra costi, sprechi e privilegi, auto blu, disservizi, società partecipate, enti inutili, viaggi merenda, sedi all'estero, maxi-stipendi e debiti record, pieno di risvolti sconosciuti e dati inediti. Divertenti da un lato e inquietanti da un altro. Al nord, al centro e al sud, nelle regioni «normali» e in quelle speciali. È lì che si annida la vera e voracissima «casta invisibile», che forse dopo questo libro sarà un po' meno sconosciuta

L'Italia di sempre - Italo Batavo 2019-05-28

Come si vive oggi in Italia? Dove sta andando il Paese, e perché? Una riflessione sui vizi e sulle virtù degli Italiani nei giorni della

globalizzazione. Vizi che stanno portando la Penisola sempre più indietro rispetto agli altri Paesi. E virtù? dimenticate e sbeffeggiate. La sociobiologia insegna che se è vero che all'interno di un gruppo l'egoismo batte l'altruismo, i gruppi altruistici battono i gruppi egoistici. Un Paese di "fessi" va meglio di un Paese di furbi. Per tornare a crescere occorre riscoprire le virtù dimenticate. Dare di nuovo importanza all'etica, e smettere di premiare i comportamenti amorali. Dare di nuovo importanza all'istruzione, e premiare il merito. Ascoltare le donne e dare loro quello che chiedono - lavoro e servizi - per risolvere il problema demografico e accrescere il Pil e il benessere. L'Italia di sempre? la versione aggiornata di alcuni capitoli di Che cosa si dice dell'Italia.